Semester 2

Political Science

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‌Today we will conclude our topic on Theory of separation of powers.

‌Status of application of Theory of Separation of Powers.

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‌In India, though the legislative executive and judicial powers are recognised as separate, the Constitution has not strictly separated the persons occupying these offices and exercising powers.

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‌The executive head of the State, the President acts through it's Principal Officer ie, the Prime minister and the Cabinet is also elected by the legislatures and controlled by them.

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‌In Indian administrative scenario, the legislative and executive wings are closely connected with each other.

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‌The executive is responsible to the legislature for its actions and derives its power from the legislature.

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‌The head of the executive is the President, but a closer look shows that he is only a nomimal head and the real powers rests with the Prime Minister and his Cabinet of Ministers as mentioned in the Article 74(1).

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In certain situations the President has the capacity to exercise judicial and legislative functions.

In conclusion we must mention....

‌India being an extremely large and diverse country needs a system like this where all organs are responsible to each other as well as coordinated to each other ; otherwise making governance a very rigid and difficult task.

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